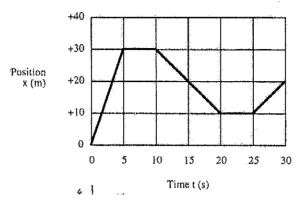
**Problem Set: Evaluating Motion Graphs** 

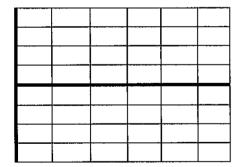
## A. Consider the motion given by the position-time graph shown below to answer questions 1 - 9.

11. Using the position-time graph-shown below, draw the corresponding velocity-time graph,



1)	Is the object ever at rest?	If so, when?	

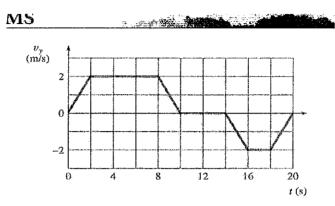
- 2) Where is the object at the end of this trip?
- 3) When is the object going the fastest?
- 4) Are there any times during which the object is moving at the same *speed*? \_\_\_\_\_\_ If so, when?
- 5) Are there any times during which the object is moving with the same, (nonzero) *velocity*? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 6) What is the average *speed* of the object for the **entire** trip?
- 7) What is the average *velocity* for the object for the first 10 seconds?
- 8) What is the *instantaneous* velocity at t = 15 s?
- 9) Draw the *velocity-time* graph for the same motion illustrated in the position-time graph above.



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Velocity (m/s) 0

B. Consider a new motion ... given by the velocity-time graph shown below ... to answer questions 10 - 17.



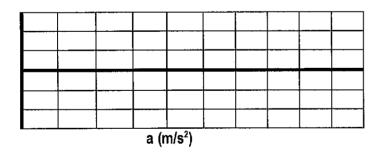
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10)	when was the object moving with constant speed?
11)	When was the object at rest?
12)	Was the object ever moving backwards? If so, when?
13)	What was the <i>velocity</i> of the object at t = 1 s? at t = 5 s?
14)	What was the acceleration of the object during the first 2 s?

15) What was the displacement for the first 8 s?

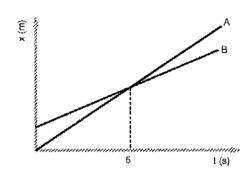
16) What was the displacement for the entire trip?

17) Draw the acceleration-time graph for the same motion represented by the velocity-time graph above.



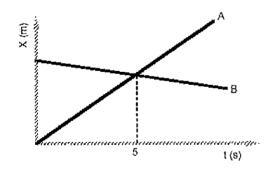
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18) Consider the <u>position</u>-time graph below for two cyclists, Alice and Ben.



- a. Do the cyclists start at the same point? \_\_\_\_ If not, which one is ahead at the beginning?
- b. At t= 7s, which cyclist is ahead?
- c. Which cyclist is traveling fastest at 3 s?
  \_\_\_\_\_ How do you know?
- d. Are the velocities of the two cyclists equal at any time? \_\_
- e. Describe the situation at the intersection of lines A and B.

19) Consider the position-time graph below for a different trip made by Alice and Ben.



- a. How does the motion of Alice in this graph compare to her motion in the previous graph?
- b. How does Ben's motion compare to the previous graph?
- c. Which cyclist is traveling the fastest? How do you know?
- d. Describe what is happening at the intersection of lines A and B.
- e. Which cyclist has traveled further during the 5 five seconds?
- ❖ On a position-time graph, speed is represented by: \_\_\_\_\_
- ❖ On a position-time graph, direction is represented by: \_\_\_\_\_
- 20) Sketch a velocity -time graph that corresponds to each description of the motion of an object.

The object is moving away from the origin at a constant speed.	The object is standing still.	The object moves toward the origin at a steady speed for 10 s, then stands still for 10 s.	The object moves away from the origin at a steady speed for 10 s, reverses direction and moves back toward the origin at the same speed.
(+)//// V	(+)/jjj	(+)//// \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(+)//// VT
(3)	(9)	(3)	(-)

21) For each position-time graph, describe the motion and draw the corresponding velocity-time graph.				
Position-Time Graph	Description of the Motion	Velocity-Time Graph		
(E) 3 3 4 5 Time (s)		(S/m) Attrooped 1 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
CES US		(S/ LL) filme (S)		
E 3 4 5 4 5 Time (s)		(S) #1 2 3 Time (s) 1 2 3 Time (s) 2		